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## Engaging Your Male Allies in Gender Equity

## April 16, 2014 <br> 1pm

## Questions \& Discussion



Host: Dr. Gretalyn Leibnitz- Project Director, WEPAN’s NSF funded Engineering Inclusive Teaching: Faculty Professional Development project

Moderator: Jennifer Heckscher- Program Manager, Gender Initiatives in STEMM, The Ohio State University; WEPAN Professional Development Committee

## NDSU Speakers



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## General Info and Q\&A

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## About WEPAN www.wepan.org

- Core Purpose: To propel higher education to increase the number and advance the prominence of diverse communities of women in STEM.
- 1,047+ members, 140 engineering schools
- Members reach ~43,900 female engineering students
- ~60\% of female engineering students
- WEPAN Institutional Members average 15\% higher enrollment of women in engineering than nonmember campuses


## WEPAN's Role

## Translate research into practice through:

1. Webinars
2. The National Change Leader Forum: June 9-11, 2014

3. The WSKC: An online searchable data base and professional community resource: http://www.wskc.org/

4. Brand New!!! http://www.wskc.org/connected-advocates


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Partial support for this work was provided by the National Science Foundation's ADVANCE IT Program under award HRD-0811239. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation.

## Related References \& Resources

- C. L Anic ha, C. Bilen-Green, A. Bumett, and C. Mc George, "Activating Advocates and Allies for Gender Equity: Engaging with Male Colleagues," WEPAN Conference, Baltimore, Atlanta, GA, 2013.
- C. Bilen-Green, R. Green, C. McGeorge, C. Anic ha, and A. Bumett, "Engaging Male Faculty in Institutional Transformation," 2013 ASEE Annual Conference and Exposition, Atlanta, Georgia, J une 2013.
- R. Green, "Gender Equality in Engineering: Advocacy Tips," Americ an Society for Engineering Education Women in Engineering Division web resource: http:// wied.asee.org/ AdvTips.html


## North Dakota State University

- Land grant university in the upper Great Plains
- Seven colleges with ~700 fac ulty/ instruc tors
- Around 14,500 students (43\% UG women)
- Nine engineering programs (10\% UG degrees to women)
- NDSU institutional research findings (pre- NSF grant)
- Scarcity of women in administration
- Few women STEM fac ulty (only two in engineering in 2002)
- "Chilly" climate for women


## NDSU C limate and Women Fac ulty

Several studies revealed that women fac ulty:

- Rated department climate lower than male fac ulty
- Treatment by colleagues and staff
- Informal department interactions
- Department dec ision making
- Spent signific antly more time on their teaching and senvice
- Reported higher stress levels than male fac ulty
- Struggled with work-life satisfaction more than male faculty
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## Institutional Context

*AAUP Gender Equity Indicators Report (Curtis \& West, 2006)

|  | \% Tenure-line |  | \% Tenured |  | \% Full Professor |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men |
| *Average | 45 | 55 | 31 | 69 | 24 | 76 |
| *Doctoral | 41 | 59 | 26 | 74 | 19 | 81 |
| NDSU 2006 | 36 | 64 | 10 | 90 | 7 | 93 |
|  | Take-Home Point $\quad \begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N}=1,445 \\ & \text { universities }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

If an institution's tenured faculty and administration are predominately male, then men will be a necessary component to any gender-equity \& climate solutions

## NDSU Advance FORWARD Mission

- Increase participation of women in faculty and administrative positions through a comprehensive research-driven strategy
- Utilize multiple interventions that account for institutional policies and practices, campus climate, and knowledge and skills for success in teaching, research and leadership
- Recognize men as vital partners and deliberately cultivate alliances with men faculty and administrators


## Poll Question 1

What do you believe is the most important action men can take to help support gender equality?
a) ask women fac ulty about their research
b) be a gender advocate on search \& evaluation committees
c) leam about unc onsc ious bias \& gender inequity
d) listen to $\&$ avoid intemupting women fac ulty e) talk to male colleagues directly when gender bias oc curs

## Theoretic al \& Empinic al Frameworks

- Problems related to gender inequity are typically associated with problems in the overall climate/ c ulture of an organization:

When an institution is dominated by one group, that partic ular group is often unaware of the ways in whic $h$ the climate is set up to senve that group and create disadvantages for less dominant groups.

- When institutions are male-dominated, men can play an important role in creating a more accepting and equitable climate for women.
- Bottom-up approaches, such as an Allies Program, are as important as top-down approaches
- Leverage knowledge \& methods of racial, sexual orientation, disability, \& other soc ial justice causes


## Men as Gender-Equity Allies

- Key forces that undermine men's engagement as allies include apathy, fear (status loss, making mistakes), and lack of knowledge about gender inequities (Prime and Moss-Rac usin, 2009)
- Key elements to promote men's engagement as allies include
- Increase awareness, empathy, and understanding of impact
- Utilize male role models and provide opportunities for menonly dialogues
- Provide ongoing training, encourage reverse mentoring
- Engage men in solution building and be inclusive


## Engaging Male Faculty: A Multi-Faceted Intentional Approach

| STRATEGIES |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \geqslant 0 \\ & \frac{2}{5} \\ & 0.0 \\ & \frac{1}{2} 0 \\ & \frac{10}{20} 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advoc ates \& Allies Program | M | M | M | M | M | M | M |
| Advancement Lectures and Panels | Q | Q |  | Q | Q | Q | Q |
| Pedagogical Luncheons | M | M |  | M |  | M | M |
| New Fac ulty Orientation | S | S |  |  |  | S | S |
| Provost Chair Forums | M | M |  | M | M | M | M |
| Commission Status Women Fac ulty | M |  |  | M | M | M | M |
| Climate \& Gender Research Grants | A |  |  |  |  | A | A |
| Data Collection, Analysis, \& Reporting | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Climate \& Gender Workshops | F | F |  | F | F | F | F |

O=Ongoing; A = Annual; Q = Quarter; S = Semester; M = Month; F = Frequent, 1+ per semester

## NDSU Advocates and Allies Program

- Faculty men committed to supporting women fac ulty at department, college, and university levels
- Advocates: senior faculty men with a record of supporting women fac ulty willing to commit signific ant time and effort to the advocates and allies program
- Allies: trained faculty men who identify themselves as allies of women fac ulty
- Advocates and Allies are active proponents of gender diversity and equality in their units
- Men trained at NDSU: 24 Advocates and 165 Allies, with at least one Ally in 36 of 42 departments.


## Advocates: Roles and Responsibilities

- Participate in ongoing educational programs, reading, and disc ussion sessions
- Develop and offer ally training sessions
- FORWARD mission and need for allies
- Gender disc rimination and male privilege
- Aspects of bec oming an ally \& individual actions for allies
- Offer follow-up ally development sessions
- Develop ongoing list of ally actions
- Respond to gender-related issues on campus
- Identify and coordinate nomination of qualified women for signific ant university awards


# Four Key Aspects of Being an Ally 

1. Awareness: Become aware of unconscious and institutional biases. Pay attention to language used to describe men and women, who gets awards and promotions, interpersonal dynamics, etc.
2. Knowledge/ Education: Know department \& college gender dynamics, keep informed about Advance, read relevant articles, leam about fac ulty "pipelines" for your field, etc.
3. Skills: Communicate awareness and knowledge to others. Develop skills by attending workshops, role playing with peers, and developing support connections.
4. Action: Speak up at meetings, collaborate with female colleagues on research, serve on committees in place of female colleagues, work to achieve balanced search pools, etc.

## Ally Training: Literature Review

 Unc onscious Bias and Systemic Disadvantage for Women- Ratings of job candidates (Rudman \& Glick, 2001)
- Bias in letters of recommendation (Schmader et al., 2007)
- Biased evaluations of fac ulty (Wenneras \& Wold, 1997)
- Male and female faculty rate female student c andidates lower (Moss-Rac usin et al., 2012)
- Gender differences in evaluation of student teaching (Sprague \& Massoni, 2005)
- Male preference gender bias, regardless of gender (Steinpreis et al. 1999)


# Ally Training: Relationship Between Gender Disc rimination \& Advantage 

Male Privilege: the uneamed advantages granted to men based on their gender that are the result of the historic al dominance of men in positions of leadership

- Never having somebody raise the question: was he hired because of his gender?
- Never having somebody wonder did his gender give him an edge in that grant competition?
- Never having to be an associate professor who has to wonder: will this department ever promote a man to full professor?
- Never having to wonder: would the department accept a man as a chair? Would the college accept a man as the Dean?


## Poll Question 2

In group conversations, men begin to perceive women as dominating the conversation when women speak more than:
a) $30 \%$ of the time b) $\mathbf{4 5 \%}$ of the time c) $\mathbf{6 0 \%}$ of the time d) $75 \%$ of the time

## Ally Training: Individual Actions

- Ensure women faculty members have equal opportunity to speak during meetings
- Tell women (and men!) faculty that you are an ally
- Ask women fac ulty about their experience with department climate (and listen to their answer!)
- Ensure women faculty are invited to informal departmental gatherings
- Talk to women fac ulty about their research
- Nominate women for awards, honors, and positions
- Volunteer to senve on PIE, search, and other committees with the spec ific purpose of being an ally for gender equity


# Additional Strategies to Involve Men as Gender-Equity Allies 

- Attend (and actively encourage others to attend!) lectures, presentations, \& workshops relevant to diversity and gender equity.
- Partic ipate in key university groups (Fac ulty Senate Exec utive Committee, Commission on the Status of Women Fac ulty) to proactively examine \& revise university polic ies impacting retention \& advancement of women
- Hold colleagues accountable and ensure that workload and resources are distributed equitably.
- Monitor and benchmark university progress toward equal participation of women faculty


## Effectiveness of the Advocates \& Allies Program

- Almost 90\% of male fac ulty attending Ally Training agree that they would be able to implement new strategies to promote a more equitable climate for women faculty at NDSU
(30.4\% strongly agree $+59.2 \%$ agree $=89.6 \%$ agree)
- Extemal evaluator-conducted qualitative interviews with Advocates that suggested positive impact and effectiveness of the Advocates \& Allies program
- Extemal evaluator also conducted separate focus groups with Allies and with women fac ulty, which also support positive impact and effectiveness of the Advocates \& Allies program


## Intenviews with Advocates

- "Trainings really did make me more aware of a lot of things going on around me"
- "I know just from being involved with the Allies and Advocates l'm getting a better understanding and a better apprec iation for broader climate, which is not teribly easy to define, it's not something that you can point and say, This is the problem, this is the problem'"
- "Getting Allies in departments and getting those men to be more aware of things and being able to speak up and bring issues to the front. It is about climate change"


## Foc us Groups: Allies

- "I did the training last year and I found it was helpful, in terms of, getting us to think about various kinds of biases that we ourselves might have, things we've seen, what we might do"
- "I've leamed some things that I wasn't as aware of or maybe not aware of it at all. And, it also keeps reminding you about some things that you need to pay attention to, look for, respond to, and so on"
- "Going through the ally training I started to think more about having a lactation space available...And I was like, embarrassed that I had never thought of it before. That piece of information made me think like, how many other things am I doing that I don't realize? And I can talk the talk, but what am I, what kind of signals am I sending? Or what kind of things am I doing, especially in the classroom in science where it's a really, it's a pretty scary place for a lot of female students"


## Foc us Groups: Women Fac ulty

- 'It's nice to know that if I have a problem I can go maybe to this man [an Advocate] who has tenure on campus who might support me if I tell him my story. Or that I know that there is going to be a group of men [Advocates and Allies] who are going to be advocating for an issue that is relevant to women spec ifically on campus."
- "Having male colleagues who recognize something that happened that makes them feel uncomfortable and talk about it with other men and then go back and [address it in the department]. That's exactly the type of thing that should be going on..."


## Effectiveness of the Advocates \& Allies Training at Other Campuses

- The NDSU Advocates have also provided trainings at public and private universities ac ross the US.
- At this time, over 100 men have been trained on these other campuses
- Over 90\% of male faculty attending these Ally Training agree that they would be able to implement new strategies to promote a more equitable climate for women fac ulty on their campuses
( $17.6 \%$ strongly agree $+75.7 \%$ agree $=93.3 \%$ agree $)$


## Conclusions:

Men as gender-equity allies can be effective in helping achieve institutional transformation. Successful ally programs should be intentional and multi-faceted. Start with a committed core group; participation will grow as the program develops.

## NDSU Advance FORWARD Contact Information

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- Phone: (701) 231-6357
- E-mail: ndsu.forward@ndsu.edu
- Website: http:// www.ndsu.edu/forward
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## Asking Questions and Discussion

- Participant microphones are muted for webinar quality.
- Undock and expand the "Questions" pane in the webinar control panel and type your questions in the box.


## Questions \& Discussion



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- Thank you for attending today!

